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Thomas Baynton

by C. R. Hudleston
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Commissioners it is stated that part of the profits of the lands were to be bestowed in alms such as buying wood and other charitable deeds for the relief of the poor. I suggest that possibly the House may have obtained the name of Burton from the benefactor rather than from the founder. John Burton was buried in the chapel of S. John the Baptist in S. Thomas church. Perhaps the recently discovered figures owe their existence to him. He would choose S. Thomas because he was the patron saint of his parish church, and S. John the Baptist because he had a special devotion to that saint.

We know that the house has been rebuilt twice—in 1606 and 1721. On both occasions there was a subscription list of the parishioners. In a vestry minute for 10 May 1721 it was ordered that the almshouse should be taken down and rebuilt as soon as sanction was obtained from the Mint for the payment of £8 yearly or more as rent. On 11 September 1722, a rent of £5 was accepted.

In the 16th century there were 24 inmates—12 men and 12 women (will of William Pykes, 12 January 1550). Afterwards until early in this century there were 16. Now there are eight. Thomas Parsons, an almsman, was buried on 8 August 1700 in S. Thomas churchyard.

M. PATERSON.

THOMAS BAYNTON 1761-1820

As a footnote to the paper on Thomas Baynton, of Bristol, surgeon, which Professor J. A. Nixon contributed to the *Proceedings of the Royal Society of Medicine* (1915) vol. VIII, it may be stated that there is a tablet to Baynton on the north wall of St. Philip's church, Bristol. The inscription is as follows:—

'Sacred to the memory of Thomas Baynton Esqr. Surgeon of this city who died sincerely regretted by the Public to whom he rendered some essential services that will long distinguish his name as a Professional Character

and deeply lamented by his family and friends whom he endeared to him by the practice of every social duty, and edified by the example of every Christian virtue. He departed this life at Clifton, 31st August 1820, aged 59 years, in the humble yet steadfast Hope of a Blessed Immortality through the merits of his Redeemer'.

There is a drawing of the Baynton arms on the tablet in the Rev. M. E. Thorold's *Church of St. Philip and St. Jacob, Bristol* (1933), page 56. Mr Thorold has, however, represented the field of the coat as gules, whereas it is sable. Baynton's 'pretty place at Hambrook' mentioned by Prof. Nixon, was Hambrook Court. In Dr C. H. B. Elliott's *History of Winterbourne* (1936), it is stated (p. 99) that Baynton was occupying the house before 1812, and his family owned it until 1870. During that period the Bayntons had Col. Brereton, of Bristol Riots fame, as tenant for a few years.

C. ROY HUDLESTON.

RICHARD WARREN, GLASSMAKER

As a postscript to Mr A. Cecil Powell's paper 'Glass-making in Bristol' ('Transactions', XLVII) some further details are now available concerning Richard Warren, who is mentioned at pp. 231-2. On the south wall of the west end of St. John's church, Bedminster, is a tablet to Richard Warren of Redcliffe, Esq., died 3 March 1767, aged 59. Henrietta his wife, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Charles Yate of Coulthrope, Glos., Esq., died 22 September 1765, aged 45. They had six daughters, three of whom died in very tender infancy. Henrietta died unmarried 22 December 1761, aged 24. Sophia died 25 October 1766, aged 14. Dorothy their only surviving child married Sir Richard Mill, Bt., of Mottisfont, by whom she has two daughters now living. She erected this monument September 1769.

H. T. Lilley's *History of Standish* (1932) mentions (p. 179) Charles Yate of Colethrop in that parish. Mr